Doing data science at scale in the public sector: the traffic cameras project

Arthur Turrell

Deputy Director, Data Science Campus, ONS

@arthurturrell, @datasciencecampus, @ONS

Innovation & Data4Good, October 2021





Today's key takeaways

- Establishing a moderate level of data science tooling and skills presents big challenges in any large organisation, and the level of capability varies enormously across the public sector
- ONS and Data Science Campus are at heart of efforts to increase data and data science capability across the public sector
- Some of our recent projects demonstrate how to do data science at scale and in production!



Different parts of the public sector have different levels of data science maturity



Some illustrative examples of different levels of data science maturity

Low

- Analysis done only in Excel, and in a manual process
- No 'ground truth' data (data exchanged via email or many copies of data on shared drives)

Medium

- Access to open source programming languages (eg Python) and their packages (eg pandas); access to modern integrated development environments (eg Visual Studio Code)
- Important data have ground truth versions
- Access to version control

High

Everything in medium and...

- Access to Unix-based machines
- Access to advanced reproducibility tools like Docker
- Access to cloud computing, for research and production
- Ground truth data can be accessed via APIs



ONS and Data Science Campus are helping to build data science capability across the public sector



Building capability across the public sector

Community

Government Data Science Partnership

x-Gov data science Slack channel

Economic data science seminar series

ONS coffee & coding sessions

UK Government Data Science GitHub

Communities of interest meet-ups – mailing list

Development

Tools

Advice on data science tools

Integrated Data Service

Training

Taught courses and programmes - online

Data Masterclass for senior leaders - with No 10

Academic Programmes

Degree Data Science Apprenticeship

Data Science Graduate Programme

Masters in Data Science for Government, MDataGov

Mentoring

Government <u>Data Science Accelerator</u> (cross-Govt)

International schemes





ONS' data science capability is still developing but *Traffic Cameras* shows how far we've come



The Traffic Cameras Project

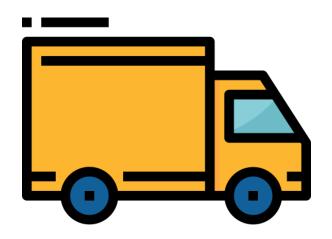
In collaboration with Newcastle University

Chen, Li, Ian Grimstead, Daniel Bell, Joni Karanka, Laura Dimond, Philip James, Luke Smith, and Alistair Edwardes. "Estimating vehicle and pedestrian activity from town and city traffic cameras." *Sensors* **21**, no. 13 (2021): 4564.



Motivation – traffic cameras project

- Produce indicators of 'busyness' for urban areas
- Increase public sector output through use of under-utilised capital: lowdefinition traffic cameras
- Faster read on economically important traffic disruptions



68% of people travelled to work by road in the UK in 2017 (Labour Force Survey)





The goal: from traffic cameras to time series

Challenge:

• Pick up image data from 1,500 **publicly accessible** CCTV cameras located in urban centres every 10 minutes, 24/7, and process **the 216,000 images/day** (5GB/day) into **time series** of busyness

Output:

- Daily count broken down by vehicle (including type) or pedestrian and location
- Make available at daily frequency

Does not:

- Measure origins or destinations
- Cover highways or non-urban locations
- Provide insight as to why journeys are being undertaken









Example snapshot

Automating the process: data cleaning Lots of ways data can be problematic...



Artefacts



Missing data



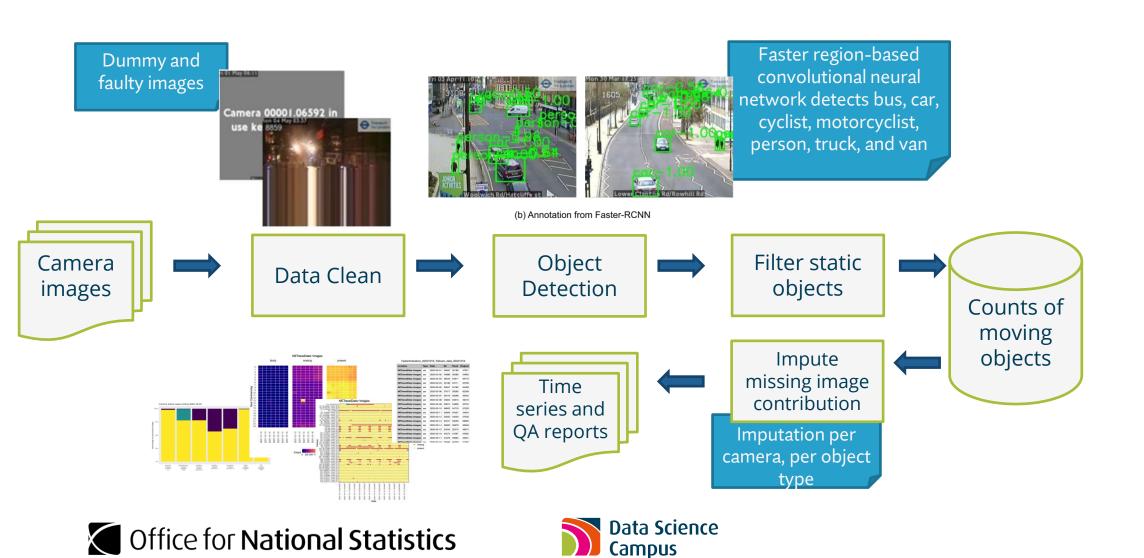
Parked cars



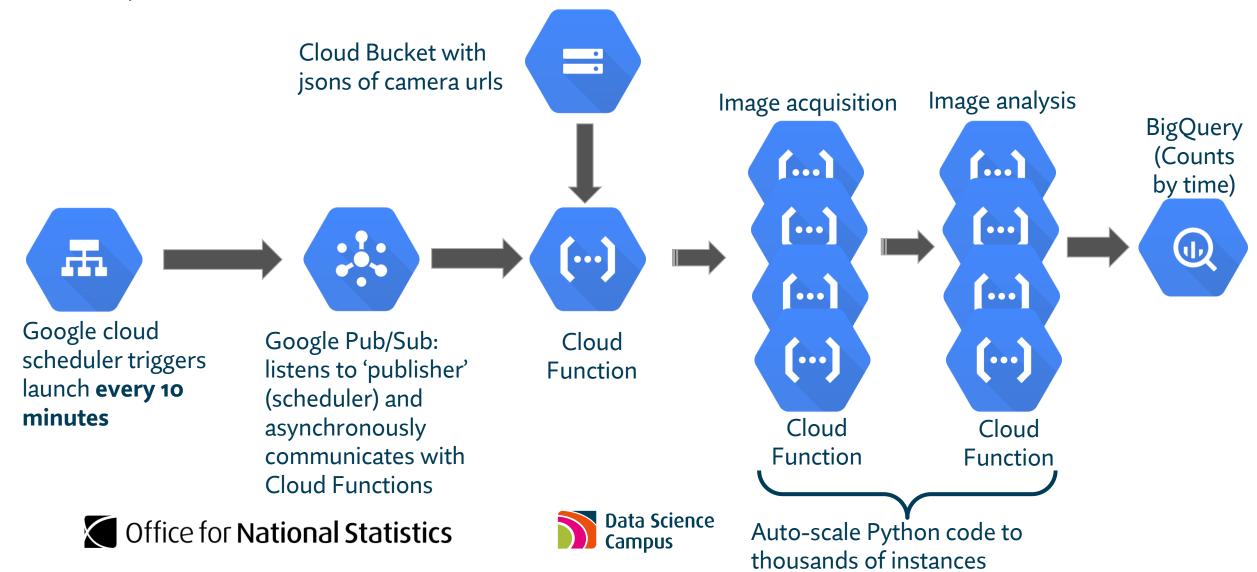
Traffic lights that look like pedestrians!



Automating the process: the cloud pipeline



Automating the process: scaling up Cloud architecture for image acquisition and object counts

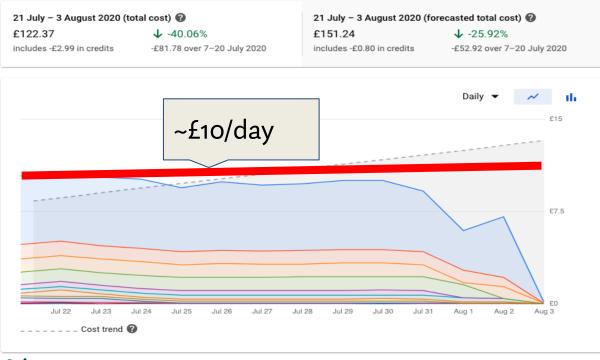


Automating the process: scale and cost

Clearing a 3-month image backlog saw 15,000 Cloud Function processes running simultaneously, achieving impressive **scale**—but scales down to zero when not in



...meaning it's very efficient, with a **cost** to run of £10 per day in total







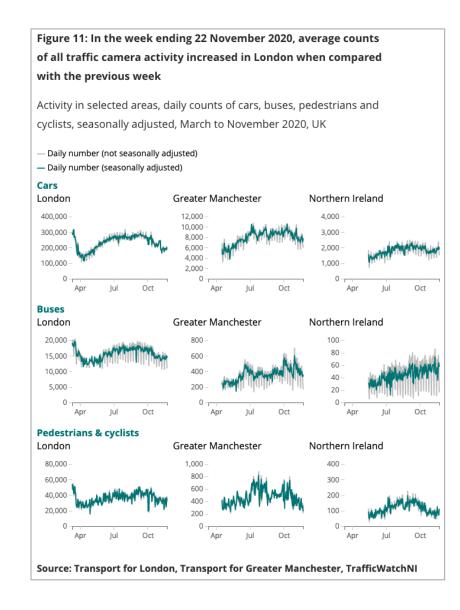
Outcomes from the Traffic Cameras Project:

- Traffic busyness now makes up one of ONS'
 "Economic activity and social change in the UK, realtime indicators", available on the website weekly
- Paper with methods published in Sensors
- Will be trialled elsewhere, eg with Statistics Sweden
- Several prizes at Geography in Government awards
- Code open sourced: <u>https://github.com/datasciencecampus/chrono_lens</u>



Data Science Campus





Today's key takeaways

- Establishing a moderate level of data science tooling and skills presents big challenges in any large organisation, and the level of capability varies enormously across the public sector
- ONS and Data Science Campus are at heart of efforts to increase data and data science capability across the public sector
- Some of our recent projects demonstrate how to do data science at scale and in production!





More info

• Chen, Li, Ian Grimstead, Daniel Bell, Joni Karanka, Laura Dimond, Philip James, Luke Smith, and Alistair Edwardes. "Estimating vehicle and pedestrian activity from town and city traffic cameras." Sensors 21, no. 13 (2021): 4564. https://doi.org/10.3300/521134564

Code for Traffic Cams: https://github.com/datasciencecampus/chrono_lens

Data Science Campus: https://datasciencecampus.ons.gov.uk/

ONS' faster indicators pack:
 <a href="https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductivity/output/bulletins/economicoutputandproductiv



